

REDUCCIÓN NORTE & CORAZÓN DE TINIEBLAS PROJECT

CONCESSION CANCELLED WITHOUT ENTERING OPERATION



NATURAL RESOURCE
Gold



LOCATION
Malinaltepec,
Guerrero state



AFFECTED COMMUNITIES
San Miguel del Progreso



OWNED BY
Hochschild Mining

REDUCCIÓN NORTE & CORAZÓN DE TINIEBLAS

Mexico

1992

New Mining and Agrarian laws.

Reform of Article 27 of Constitution **limiting rights to land.**

2001

Constitutional reform of **indigenous rights.**

2005

A "Golden Belt" of major **gold deposits** found running across Guerrero State ["Cinturón Dorado"].

2009

Minera Zalamera **obtains mining concession** Reducción Norte Corazón de Tinieblas in the Me'phaa indigenous municipality of Malinaltepec in the Alta Montaña Region of Guerrero.

2010

Hochschild Mining **requests the mining concession** for Corazón de Tinieblas in municipalities of Malinaltepec, Zapotitlán de las Tablas, Tlaacoapa and San Luis Acatlán.

2011

Reform of Article 1 in the Constitution to **strengthen domestic protection of international human rights norms.**

2011

Hochschild Mining **obtains mining concession** for Corazón de Tinieblas and purchases Minera Zalamera which owns concession for Reducción Norte Corazón de Tinieblas.

2012

Federal Government issues decree to establish La Montaña Biosphere Reserve and indigenous communities mobilize regionally against the initiative.

2013

Declaration in Defence of Community Territory and against the Biosphere Reserve of La Montaña, Guerrero.

San Miguel del Progreso and Human Rights Centre of La Montaña -Tlachinollan **request access to public information on mining concession** in their community territory.

2013

San Miguel del Progreso files first petition for constitutional protection against mining concessions.

2014

CRAADET visits Goldcorp mines in Carrizalillo.

2014

The Ministry of Economy files an **appeal (recurso de revisión)** against the sentence.

2015

The Supreme Court decides to **claim competence over judicial review of lower court sentence** as it could establish a legal precedent in relation to indigenous rights over their territories.

2015

CRAADET press conference on Global Day Against Mega-Mining.

2015

Ministry of Economy publishes **Declaration of Vacant Mining Lot 02/2015** corresponding to mining concessions Reducción Norte and Corazón de Tinieblas.

2016

The Supreme Court **dismisses judicial review case** on grounds that the mining concessions have been cancelled.

2016

At municipal level, Malinaltepec and Iliatenco hold **assemblies (cabildos abiertos)** declaring themselves as "Mining Free Municipalities".

2017

First District Federal Court **grants San Miguel del Progreso constitutional protection**, instructing the Ministry of Economy to rescind its "Declaration of Vacant Mining Lot".

2018

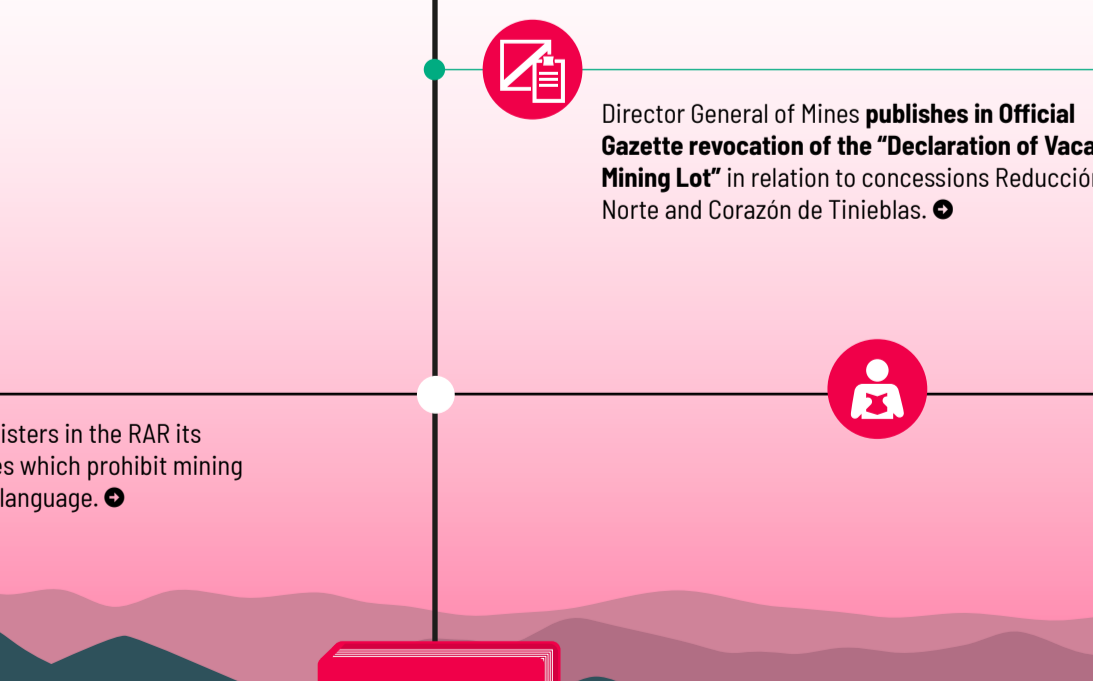
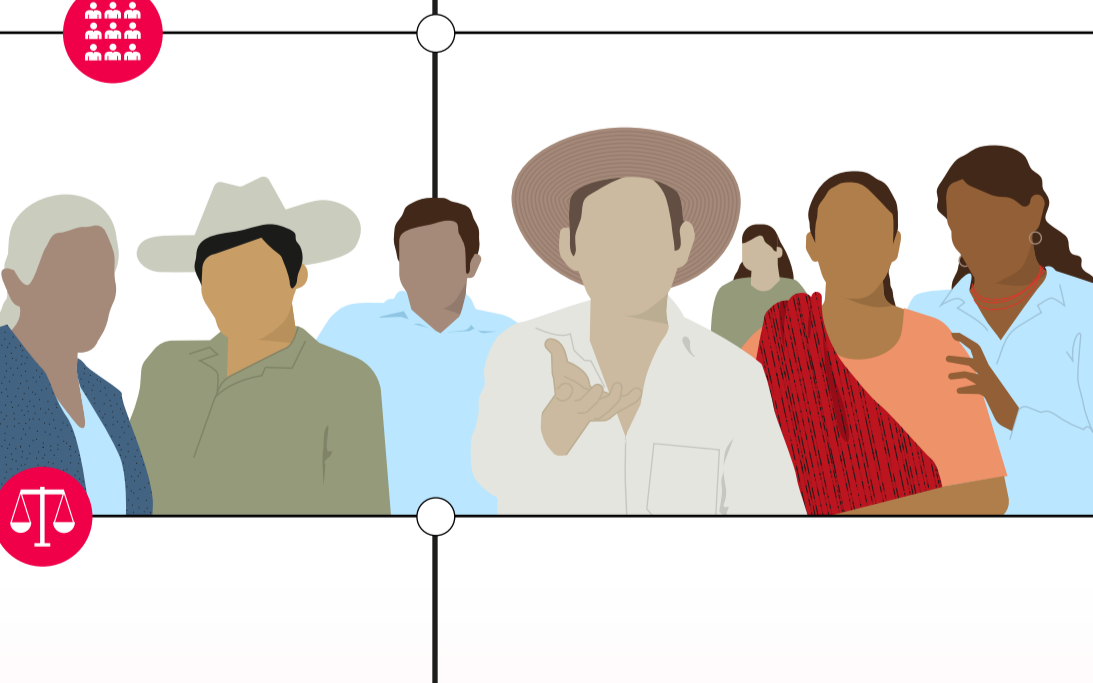
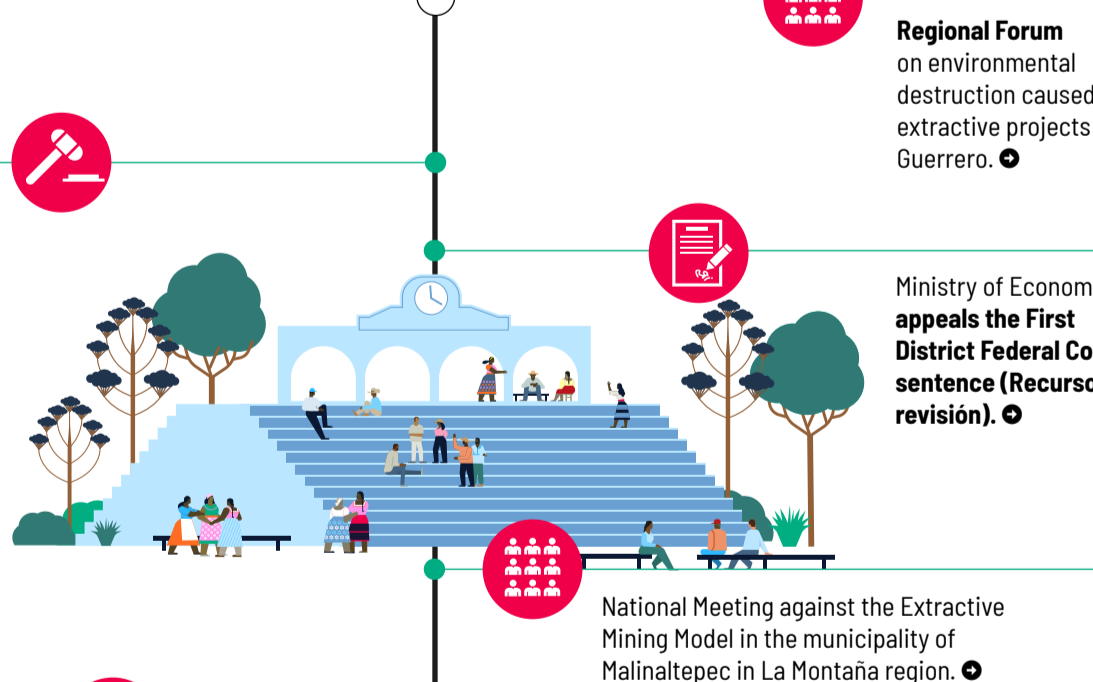
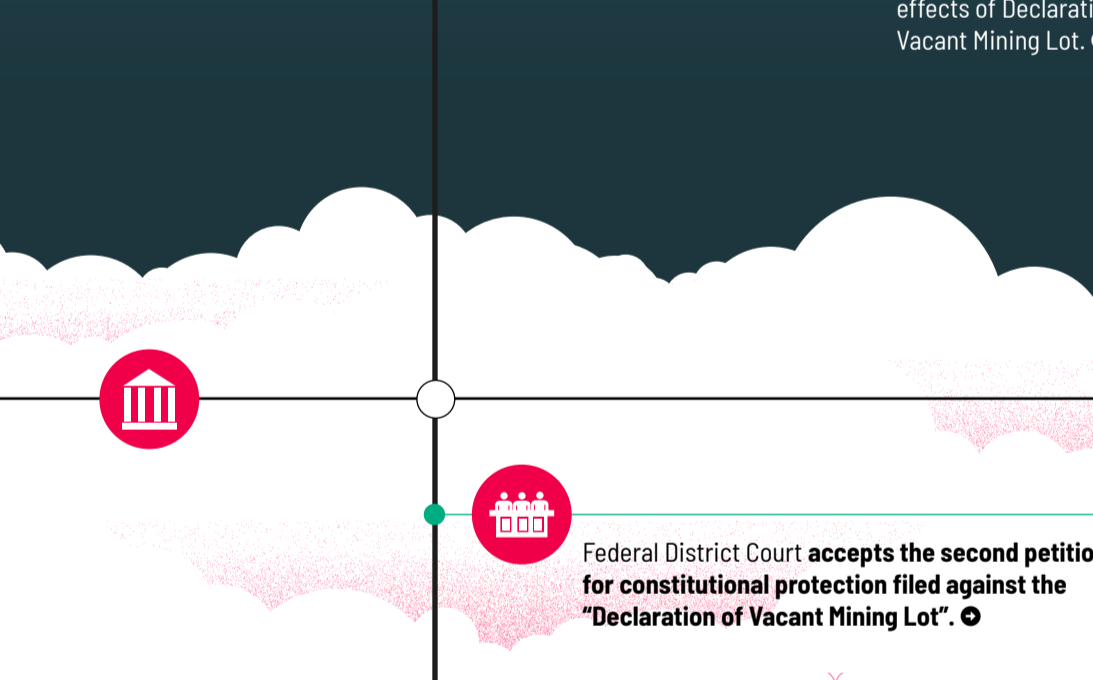
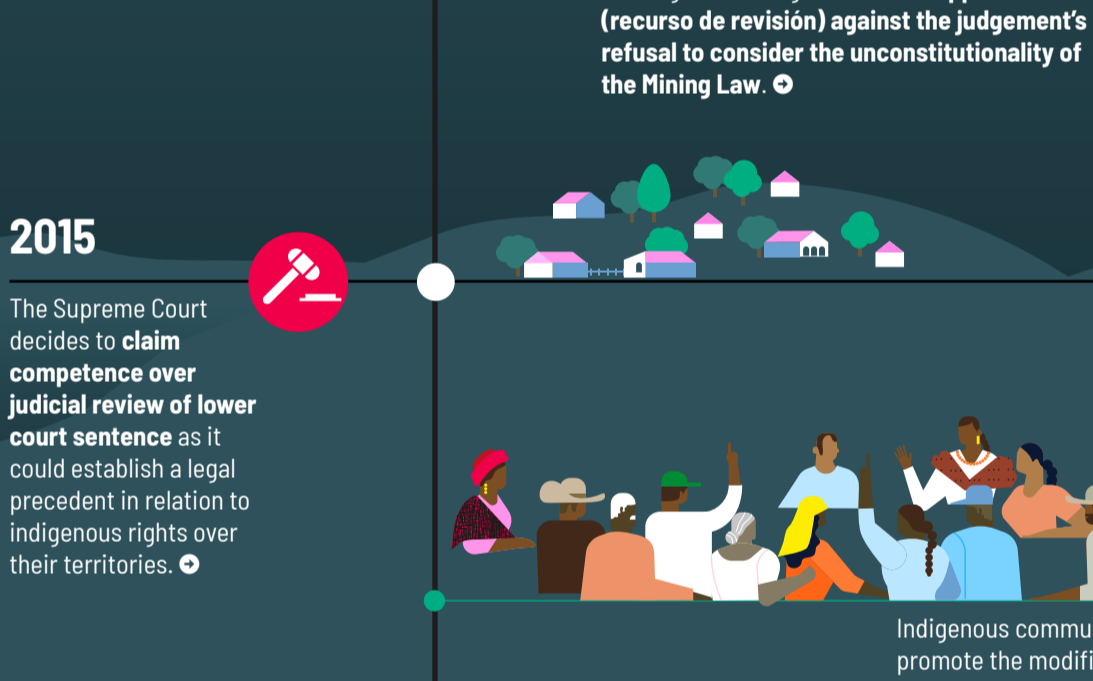
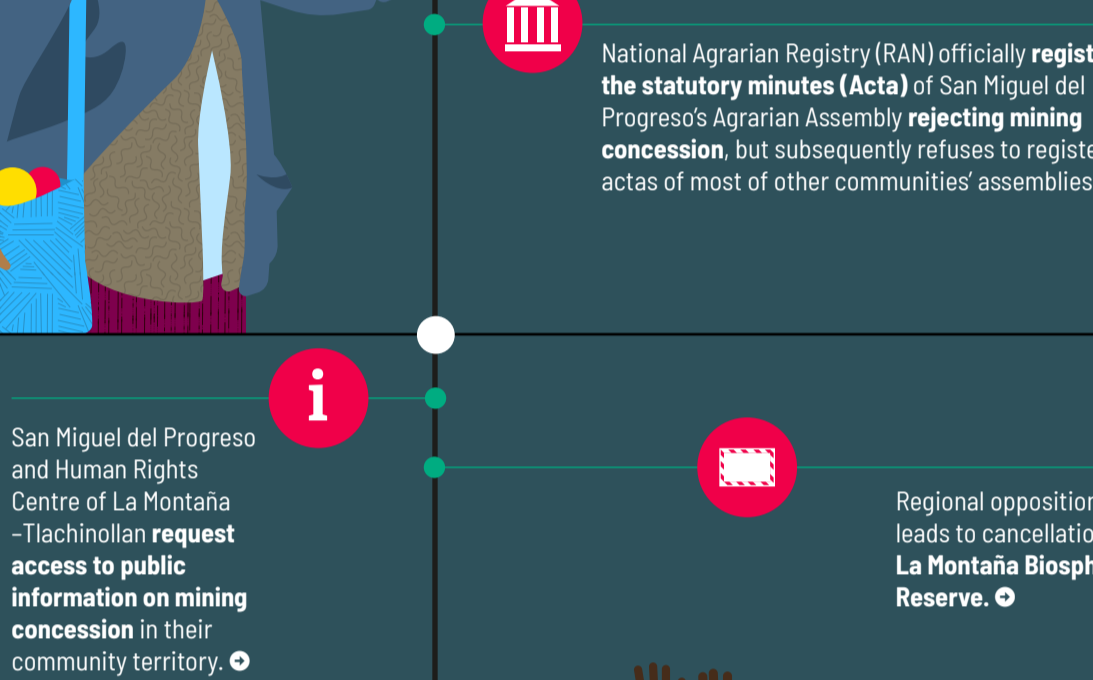
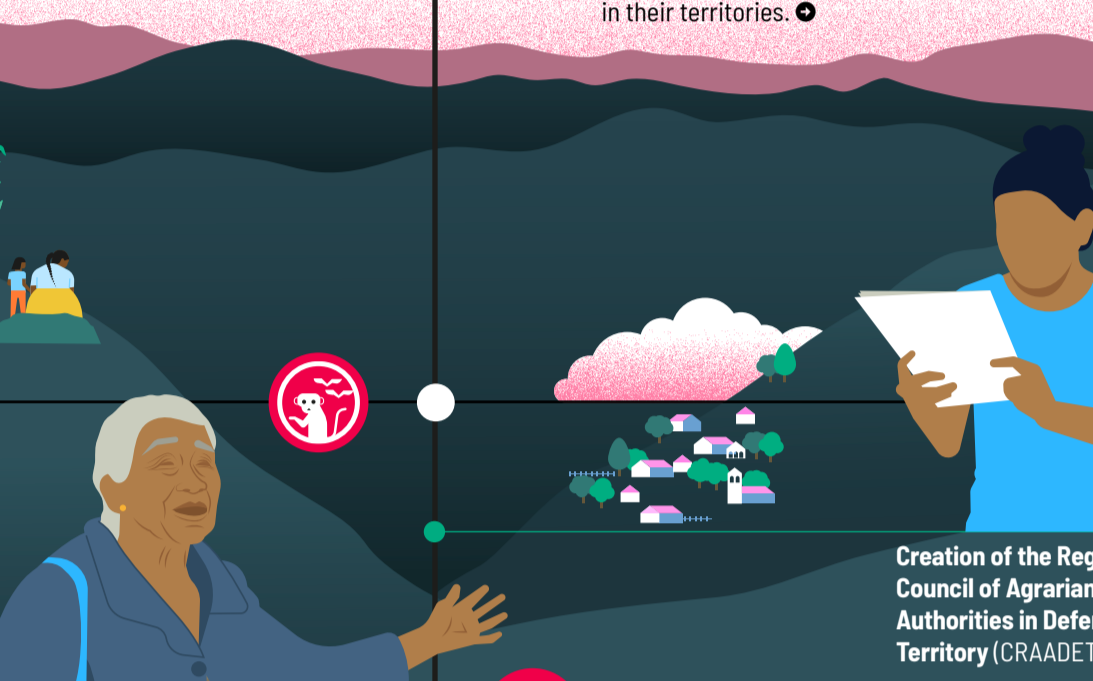
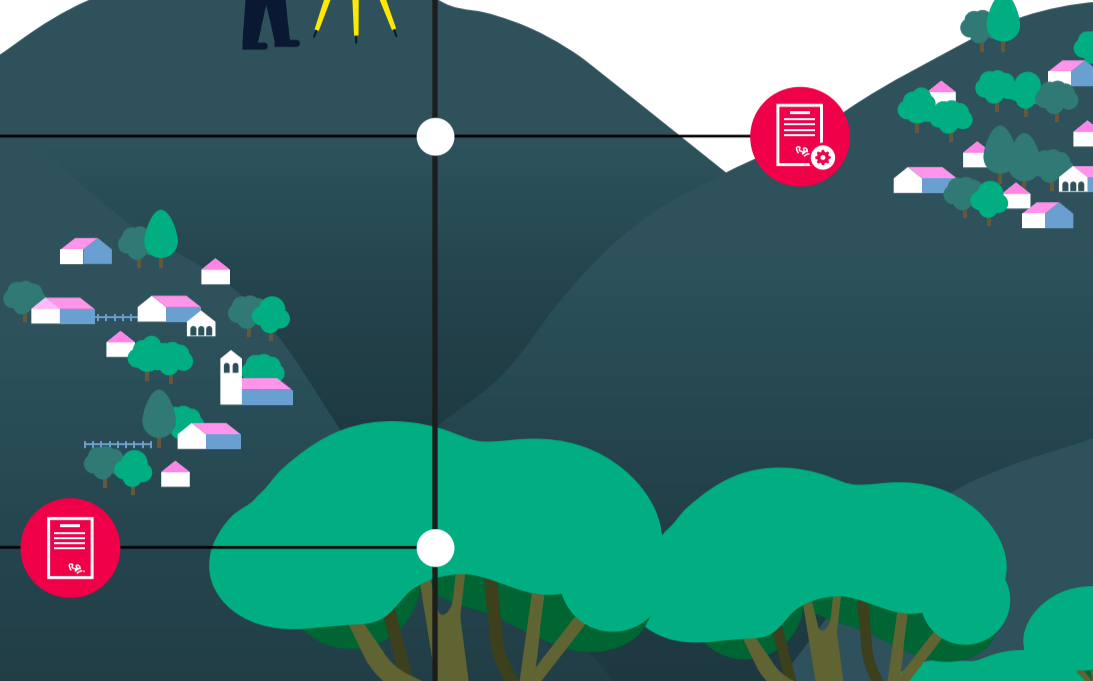
Information Exchange Forum highlights continuing threat of mining concessions in Guerrero.

2019

Collegiate Court **rejects Ministry of Economy's appeal and confirms judgement to protect the rights of San Miguel del Progreso** as an indigenous community against the effects of the "Declaration of Vacant Mining Lot".

2021

San Miguel del Progreso registers in the RAR its agrarian community statutes which prohibit mining translated into the Me'phaa language.



September 2021

This timeline forms part of **The Juridification of Resource Conflicts** project at the Centre for Latin American and Caribbean Studies (CLACS) at the School of Advanced Study, University of London, in partnership with Centro de Investigaciones y Estudios Superiores en Antropología Social (CIESAS), Mexico.

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